The New-York Times.

VOL. XII.—NO. 3655. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1862. PRICE TWO CENTS.

IMPORTANT FROM THE POTOMAC.

Rebel Movement Across the Potomac at Shepherdstown Ford.

Advance of Gen. Woodbury's Division Toward Bunker's Hill.

A Cavalry Reconnoissance Near the Enemy's Position.

The Rebels Discovered in Heavy Force.

A GREAT BATTLE IMMINENT.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM HEADQUARTERS.

Shepherdstown Ford on the Potomac, Friday, Oct. 17—P. M.

Yesterday morning, when HANCOCK advanced his division to Charlestown, Gen. WOODBURY'S Division crossed the Potomac at the Shepherdstown Ford, taking the road leading to Smithfield, a small village between Shepherdstown and Bunker Hill.

Gen. WOODBURY encamped last night between Bunker Hill and Smithfield, about seven miles from Shepherdstown. His march met with but slight resistance during the day from the enemy's scattered pickets.

This morning he advanced his cavalry toward Bunker Hill, the latter from Bunker Hill, where he met the cavalry belonging to HANCOCK'S Division. Before reaching this point the enemy was found to be in heavy force.

The reconnoissance here ended, its object being to ascertain where the main body of the rebel army was.

There is no doubt but that the rebel Generals intend to give battle at or near their present location. The indications are that they will not have to wait long before they again meet the Army of the Potomac.

SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM HARPER'S FERRY.

Washington, Friday, Oct. 17.

Our special correspondent at Harper's Ferry sends the following dispatch:

"Yesterday at noon the forces who started from here on a reconnoissance toward Winchester, and whom we reported last night quietly encamped at Charlestown, marched to Bolivar Heights, the object of the expedition being fully, faithfully and successfully carried out—which was to fully examine the topography of the country bordering the Tuscarora, to drive back to their main body any rebel cavalry that were found, and finally to learn positively the position, condition and numbers of the enemy.

"The following are the particulars since our last:

"During the afternoon of Thursday Gen. MCCLELLAN came up to the front, and discovering that less than a mile from our advance line the rebels had three pieces of artillery planted, and that an indefinite number of rebel infantry and cavalry were rendezvousing through the woods, he at once ordered Gen. CAUSEY, with his brigade, composed of the Seventh New-York, the Fifth New-Hampshire and Eighty-first Pennsylvania, to take the right of the advance; and the Fifty-third Pennsylvania, Fifty-sixth New-York, First Minnesota, and the Sixty-first and Sixty-fourth New-York—the latter consolidated into one regiment—detailed from Gen. CRAWFORD'S Brigade, under the command of Lieut.-Col. MORRIS—all the latter to make up the left wing, and to be under the command of Col. BROOKS.

"These were to advance, capture the batteries, if possible, and drive the rebels from the woods.

"The line was soon formed, spreading out for a mile or more, and covering the entire open space in front of the woods where assault was located.

"Skirmishers were thrown out under the immediate command of Maj. SYMMONDS, of the Fifth New-Hampshire. As they advanced, as did the main line.

"As the skirmishers reached the edge of the woods they found the battery there hastily had retreated, and at the same time got but a glimpse of the few retreating infantry and cavalry which had been there stationed.

"Just after the skirmishers, who were well in advance, had entered the woods, and while the main body of our troops were some distance off, six of the transportation wagons were discovered making their way out of the woods into the road at least half a mile from the extreme right of the line. Gen. CALDWELL having no cavalry near at the time, sent at once to headquarters for 4 squadrons, designing to employ them in capturing the wagons; but ere the cavalry sent for reached the spot where they were wanted, the wagons were out of sight and scattered.

"The column following the skirmishers continued on their way through the narrow belt of woods in front of them, then into an open field through another belt of woods, and again out into another open field, where they drew up in line, being some two miles and a half from the advance. There they remained until after 4 o'clock, when they were relieved by the Sixth New-York Cavalry, the latter remaining upon the ground acting as picket guards. The main body returned to camp, arriving about 10 o'clock, and reported no rebels within four miles of Charlestown.

"The above is the account of the doings of the right wing. The report of the left wing, under Col. BROOKS, who are equally well did their duty, is but a repetition of the above, excepting upon the extreme left, which was under Lieut.-Col. MORRIS, once a member of the Twenty-second Massachusetts, but as before stated now in command of the consolidated Sixty-first and Sixty-fourth Regiments. Here more of the enemy's cavalry were seen, and more difficulty experienced in forcing them to retire, but retire they did, and with no loss to us.

"But one prisoner was taken, and he a Lieutenant in a Virginia cavalry regiment, whose home was within six miles of Charlestown, he came two or three days before having been granted a leave of absence, his time being up yesterday; but knowing nothing of extra change had taken place during his absence, he mounted his horse, and taking a by-path, rode rapidly toward the spot where his regiment had been encamped, and coming within our lines, he made the discovery that not only his regiment was not there, but that he was within the Union lines, and a prisoner.

"During the morning it was supposed by many that our stay was permanent, and that the force then a Charlestown would retain possession; but soon afterward orders were given, and the troops immediately thereafter were quietly and slowly moving back to their encampment at Bolivar Heights, which they reached without molestation or delay soon after 4 o'clock this P. M., having succeeded in admirably and completely accomplishing all and more than they set out do.

SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM SHARPSBURGH.

Washington, Friday, Oct. 17.

Our special correspondent at Sharpsburgh has just sent the following intelligence, which has been received from the force taken across Blackford's Ford yesterday only a reconnoissance. The strength of the force has been already communicated.

An Aid-de-Camp, just in, reports that our men returned to within about a mile of Smithfield. A few rebel cavalry were driven out of Shepherdstown with the approach of our advance. The road from Shepherdstown to Charlestown, and from Charlestown to Smithfield, is good. The rebels had three pieces of artillery planted, and that an indefinite number of rebel infantry and cavalry were rendezvousing through the woods, he at once ordered Gen. CAUSEY, with his brigade, composed of the Seventh New-York, the Fifth New-Hampshire and Eighty-first Pennsylvania, to take the right of the advance; and the Fifty-third Pennsylvania, Fifty-sixth New-York, First Minnesota, and the Sixty-first and Sixty-fourth New-York—the latter consolidated into one regiment—detailed from Gen. CRAWFORD'S Brigade, under the command of Lieut.-Col. MORRIS—all the latter to make up the left wing, and to be under the command of Col. BROOKS.

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THE DEPARTMENT OF KANSAS.

A Presidential Address Upon Recent Occurrences in the Department.

Reorganization of the Regiments—Promotions and Appointments—Other Matters of Interest.

The following address has been issued by Gen. Lane, commanding the Department of Kansas:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KANSAS,
Leavenworth City, Dec. 5, 1861.

SOLDIERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF KANSAS:

Since my last communication, the all-engrossing topic in this sacred land has been, as it still is, the determination of the Government to crush out the present gigantic rebellion, and restore the supremacy of the Constitution and the laws over the whole of our common country. In this determination the Government has the undivided support of the loyal people of the United States, and the rebellion must soon be overthrown. Its armies are melting away, and its treasury is bankrupt. Its only hope is foreign intervention, and that hope is fast vanishing. The recent capture of Mason and Slidell, by the gallant Wilkes, has dispelled the delusion that England would dare to recognize the rebellion by breaking the blockade. Her own interests forbid it. Her manufacturing population, already suffering for want of employment, would be reduced to starvation by the withdrawal of the cotton supply. Her commercial interests have followed the proclamation, and appear to be doing nothing, rather than with any clear idea of what should be done.

The famous Hyperion Brigade, since the resort of the chivalry and the fashion of the South, is being wasted by pestilence, decimated by the measles, and the mumps, and the whole effect of the "Grand Army of the Potomac" is so much impoverished by the withdrawal of the Hyperion Brigade, that it cannot have been thought prudent to attempt a forward movement. Whether it will be attempted before the winter sets in, is a question which I am not prepared to answer. It cannot have been to say that the report and the fallacy of Mr. Lincoln's message to Congress would almost wish secession to be successful, rather than submit to the degradation of such a message. Whether it will be attempted before the Spring opens, is a question which I am not prepared to answer. It cannot have been to say that the report and the fallacy of Mr. Lincoln's message to Congress would almost wish secession to be successful, rather than submit to the degradation of such a message. A cabinet in which Seward is the controlling mind, and Cameron the executive officer, is not likely to be very active in the prosecution of the war. Both of these men have been tried, and found wanting. Both have been weighed in the balance, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the people, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the Administration, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the country, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the army, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the navy, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the press, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the pulpit, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the bar, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the bench, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the jury, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the people, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the world, and found wanting. Both have been tried by God, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the devil, and found wanting. Both have been tried by the Cabinet

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

GENERAL FAIR NOTES.—There will be music, etc., in the Grand Park to-day, if the weather is favorable. The Grand Jury met in the Court-house this morning.

Dr. GRISCOM'S LECTURES.—The second of Dr. John H. Griscom's series of lectures, upon "Human Physiology and Hygiene," will be delivered at the Home Circle, No. 25 West Thirty-third-st., at 8 o'clock this evening. At the request of many gentlemen who desired to attend the course, Dr. Griscom has so modified his lectures as to adapt them to a mixed audience of ladies and gentlemen. Hereafter both sexes will be admitted. To all who desire to become thoroughly upon the important subject of human physiology, and the laws of health, this course of lectures affords a rare opportunity, at a merely nominal price.

LARCENY.—WILLIAM GREEN was arrested yesterday, for following his employer, Mr. Ackerman, of No. 47 West Broadway, of $40. Complainant was in the act. GREEN pled not guilty, and was committed for examination by Justice BANNARD.

THE OLD MORTGAGE.—The Aldermanic Committee on Streets, met yesterday afternoon, and adjourned over till Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock, the Chairman being unable to attend the meeting.

Mr. D'Ooge Declines.

Assistant Treasurer Hillhouse, of Boston, has been detailed to assist the Assistant Treasurer at New-York during the absence of Mr. D'OOGE.

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THE DEPARTMENT BOUNTY FOR VOLUNTEERS.

—Two boys, looking fellows named PARKS PARKER and JAMES MAY were brought before Justice DOWLING, charged with stealing $2 worth of coal, on the 1st inst., from the premises of Mr. Wm. H. MCADAM, No. 214 West Thirty-first-st. The boys were caught in the act by Officer MURPHY, of the Police Force, and subsequently identified by Mr. MCADAM. They were held to bail in the sum of $300 each, in default of which they were committed to the City Prison.

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THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—STRAUS.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their chamber, No. 16 City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Straus, Kerr—2.

Absent—Councilmen Bergen, Boyce, Lane—3.

Minutes of Saturday's session were read and approved.

Report from Board of Assistants, of joint Committee on Assembly Chamber, recommending that the Board meet in the Governor's Room, at 11 o'clock, on Monday next, to receive the report of the Committee on Fire Department.

Which was accepted.

Report from Board of Assistants, of joint Committee on Public Health, in favor of concurring with Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution relative to the Health Office, and declaring the office vacant

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION

GENERAL NEWS.

The jury in the case of MARY REAL, for arson, have returned a verdict of guilty. She was nothing more or less than a fiend. She was sentenced to be hanged on Friday next.

The jury in the case of ELIZA JANE, for murder, have been out all night and have not yet agreed upon a verdict. They were locked up at 6 o'clock last evening.

The jury in the case of MARY REAL, for arson, have been out all night and have not yet agreed upon a verdict. They were locked up at 6 o'clock last evening

[Continued.]

Dr. Mosher's Heroism on the Treatment of Pul-

monary Consumption.

LETTER NO. XXI.

Dr. Mosher to the Editor of the Star-Free Thinker:

SIR: Having in former letters explained the

[illegible] of the disease and the reason why they should be

[illegible] and pointed out the [illegible]

[illegible] I will not recapitulate [illegible]

[illegible] I will only say that I believe a certain-

[illegible] will cure [illegible] when used as directed

[illegible] all the stands of Republicans,

[illegible] Democrats, I cannot [illegible]

[illegible] with my own [illegible]

[illegible] I will not trespass [illegible]

[illegible] Yours truly,

ROBERT HUNTER, M. D.,

Physician for Pulmonary Diseases,

No. 333 Broadway.

New-York, Oct. 17, 1868.

Dr. H. Hunter, [illegible] association with his brother, Dr. James Hunter, devotes his exclusive attention to the treatment of bronchial and pulmonary diseases. They can be consulted personally or by letter at No. 533 Broadway, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 6 P. M. daily.

When I am asked if those cases which are reported to me as cured are really cured, I answer that I do not know. I can only say that I have used my remedy in those cases, and that they have been reported to me as cured. Whether they will remain cured is a question which only time can answer. I have had cases under my care for more than a year, and they are still cured. I have had others that have returned after a few months. Whether they will remain cured permanently I cannot say

MACHINERY, &c.

TO SEED GRAPERY, MANUFACTURERS AND others.—A small steam engine and boiler, with all the necessary attachments, in good order, for sale cheap. Address box 1,000 Times office.

WANTED—A SMALL STEAM ENGINE WITH boiler attached. Address, stating price, box 1,000 Times office.

STATIONERY.

BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANufactured to order. Paper-ruling, &c. All orders promptly executed at lowest factory prices. 27 Ann-st.

TO GROCERS.—WANTED, REFRIGERATOR for keeping butter, &c. Address, stating price, box 1,000 Times office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY HANDSOME PAIR OF bay horses, 15 hands high, 7 years old, sound and kind in all harness; also a fine top buggy, nearly new. Apply at 1 EAST 125TH-ST.

FOR SALE—A SMALL IRON SAFE FOR SALE cheap. Inquire of the janitor of the City Hall, or at 2 EAST 125TH-ST.

ACADEMIES AND SCHOOLS.

A GOOD MATHEMATICAL AND CLASSICAL scholar, with private pupils, wishes a few more pupils to prepare for college. Address box 1,000 Times office.

A COUNTRY BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, at Hempstead, L. I., 20 miles from New-York, by Long Island Railroad. Address HOWE & PERRY.

A GERMAN LADY, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE in teaching, wishes a few more pupils. Address box 1,000 Times office.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT 1,000 Fifth-ave., between 110th and 111th-sts., will open Oct. 1. Circulars at the store of Scribner, Armstrong & Co., 654 Broadway.

A SCHOOL FOR BOYS, AT 1,000 FIFTH-AVE

DIVIDENDS

OFFICE OF THE
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO CANAL CO.,
No. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY HAVE THIS DAY DECLARED A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. FREE OF TAX, PAYABLE ON AND AFTER NOV. 1 PROX.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS WILL BE CLOSED FROM THE 20TH INST. UNTIL THE 1ST PROX.

By order of the Board,
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO CANAL CO.,
No. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 17, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY HAVE THIS DAY DECLARED A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. FREE OF TAX, PAYABLE ON AND AFTER NOV. 1 PROX.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS WILL BE CLOSED FROM THE 20TH INST. UNTIL THE 1ST PROX.

By order of the Board,
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

EDISON BANK DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 1st proximo.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the HOWARD MINING COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 52 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
H. H. BOOTH, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HAVRE-HAVRE AND NEW-YORK.—THE REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS between New-York and Havre will be dispatched as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK.
HENRY GRINNELL, Saturday, Nov. 4, at 10 A. M.
HENRI IV, Saturday, Nov. 11, at 10 A. M.
HENRY CLAY, Saturday, Nov. 18, at 10 A. M.

FROM HAVRE.
HENRY GRINNELL, Saturday, Nov. 11, at 10 A. M.
HENRI IV, Saturday, Nov. 18, at 10 A. M.
HENRY CLAY, Saturday, Nov. 25, at 10 A. M.

Rates of passage from New-York to Havre, first cabin, $100 and $120. Steerage, $70. Certificates issued for steerage passengers from all parts of Europe to New-York, at the lowest rates. For freight or passage, apply to CHARLES DE ROSAZ, No. 6 Bowling Green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE BRITISH QUEEN, Capt. ——, will leave for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, Nov. 4, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
C. O. ROBERTS,
No. 17 West-st., corner of Warren, North River.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.—THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMSHIP HABANA, Capt. ——, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, foot of Chambers-st., on SATURDAY, Nov. 4, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
CHARLES DE ROSAZ,
No. 6 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA.—THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMSHIP MORNING LIGHT

Foreclosure of Gen. Forey to the Mexicans.

A Confederate Steamer Chased on Shore and Burnt.

HAVANA AND MEXICO.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

Telegraphic and Many Weeks Behind Schedule

Disasters.

Steamer Lost.

Marine Intelligence.

Death of Gen. Z. Taylor.

Death of Mr. Justice Daniel.

Death of Gen. C. F. Jumon, the Inventor of the Jumon Projectile.

Death of Gen. Bragg.

Death of a Noted Pyrotechnist.

Death of a Noted Prestidigitateur